

2016 Hate Crime Data Key Findings

Overview of Contributions



44 states submitted official information



125 civil society contributors



34 states submitted official statistics



48 states covered by civil society data



18 states submitted police statistics by bias motivation

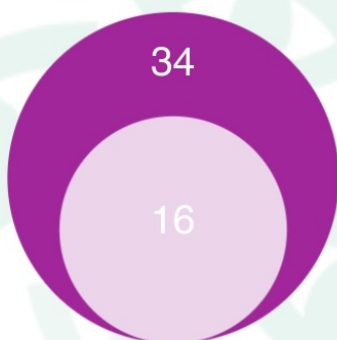


UNHCR and OSCE field operations reported incidents

Data coverage by bias motivation

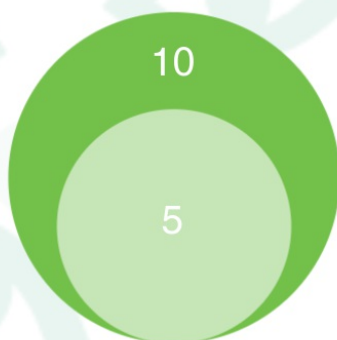
Number of states for which there are official data and hate incidents reported by other sources per bias motivation.

Racism and Xenophobia



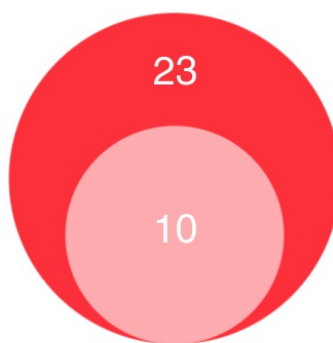
Official data Incidents

Bias against Roma and Sinti



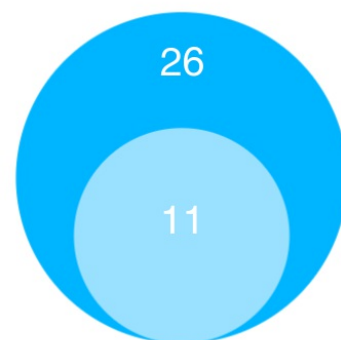
Official data Incidents

Anti-Semitism



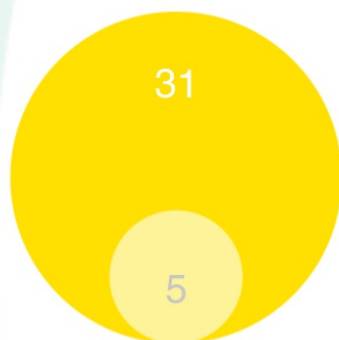
Official data Incidents

Bias against Muslims



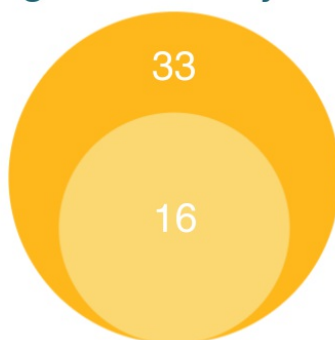
Official data Incidents

Bias against Christians



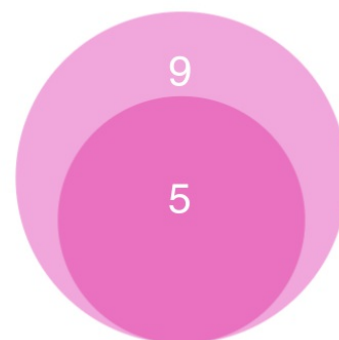
Official data Incidents

**Bias against other groups
- Sexual orientation or gender identity**



Official data Incidents

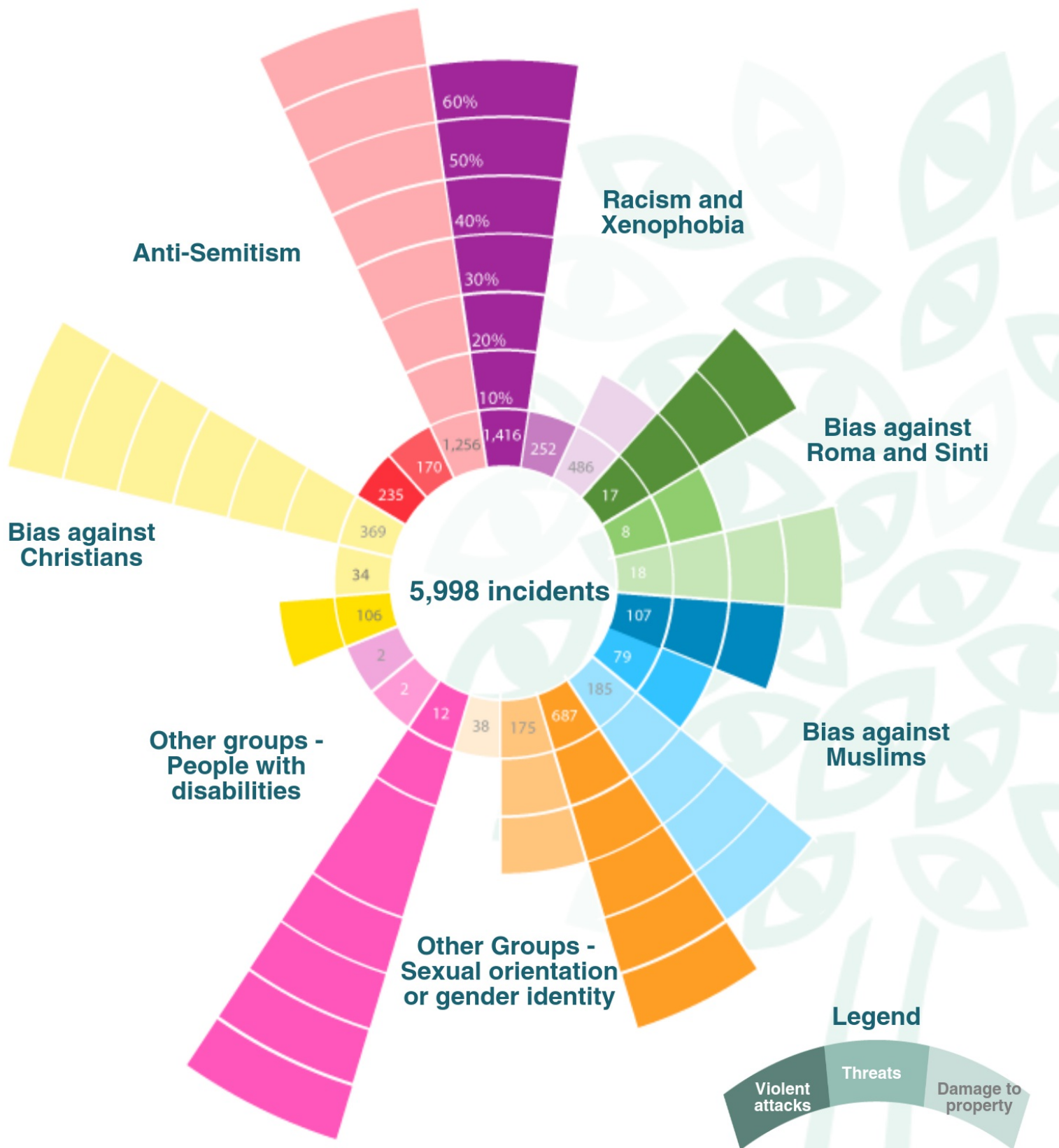
Bias against other groups - People with disabilities



Official data Incidents

Overview of incidents

The graphic below shows incidents that took place in 2016 reported by civil society, the UNHCR, OSCE field operations and the Holy See. It is divided by bias motivation and shows the ratio of each type of incident (violent attacks against people, threats, and attacks against property).



This graphic is based on information reported to ODIHR, it does not fully reflect the prevalence of hate crimes in the OSCE area. Data are not comparable across countries or bias motivations, as the level of reporting and methodologies vary. This graph excludes 4 incidents committed against members of other religions.