OSCE ODIHR
HATE CRIME REPORTING

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2022 Hate Crime Report.
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/ukraine

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

1 2022

Summary

Ukraine regularly submits information on hate crimes to ODIHR.

Ukraine's National Human Rights Strategy includes an objective to "create a system for preventing, combating, documenting and investigating hate crimes".

In 2020, a working group co-ordinated by the Human Rights Commissioner of the Ukrainian Parliament was established to improve hate crime recording procedures.

In 2019, the National Police of Ukraine and the Ministry of Internal Affairs worked with ODIHR to publish an information booklet on *Categorizing and Investigating Hate Crimes in Ukraine: A Practical Guide*.

Hate crime data collection in Ukraine
Support for hate crime victims in Ukraine
Hate crime capacity building in Ukraine
Ukraine's hate crime legislation

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes Ukraine's efforts to report hate crime data and information to ODIHR. However, based on the available information, ODIHR observes that Ukraine's hate crime recording and statistics do not sufficiently distinguish hate crimes from other crimes. In addition, ODIHR observes that Ukraine would benefit from raising awareness among and building the capacity of criminal justice officials to address hate crimes.

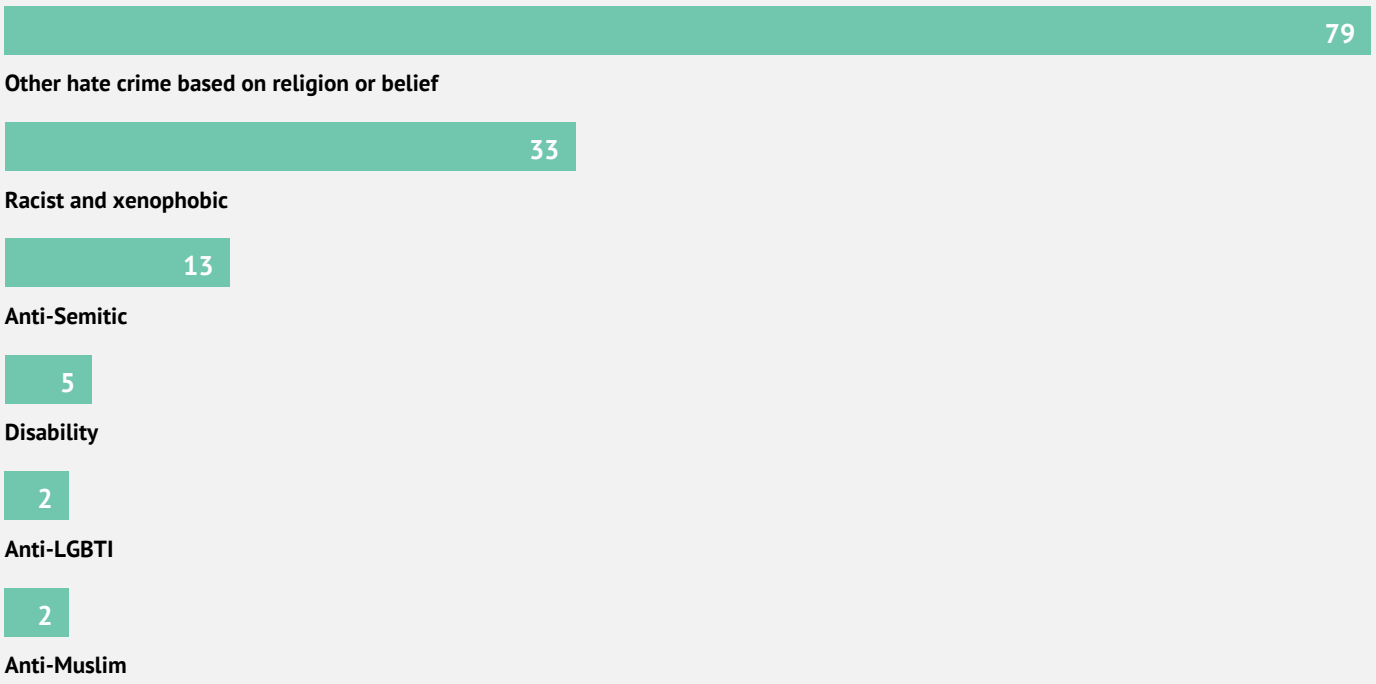
Official Data

Police recorded figures include cases of the violation of equality (Article 161 of the Criminal Code), which may include cases of violence but also acts that fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2022	150	not available	not available

Police data by bias motivation

Offences of discrimination, which fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition, were excluded from the breakdown below. The numbers below may contain other incidents that fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition, but could not be disaggregated.



Police data by type of crime

Offences of discrimination, which fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition, were excluded from the breakdown below. The numbers below may contain other incidents that fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition, but could not be disaggregated.

134

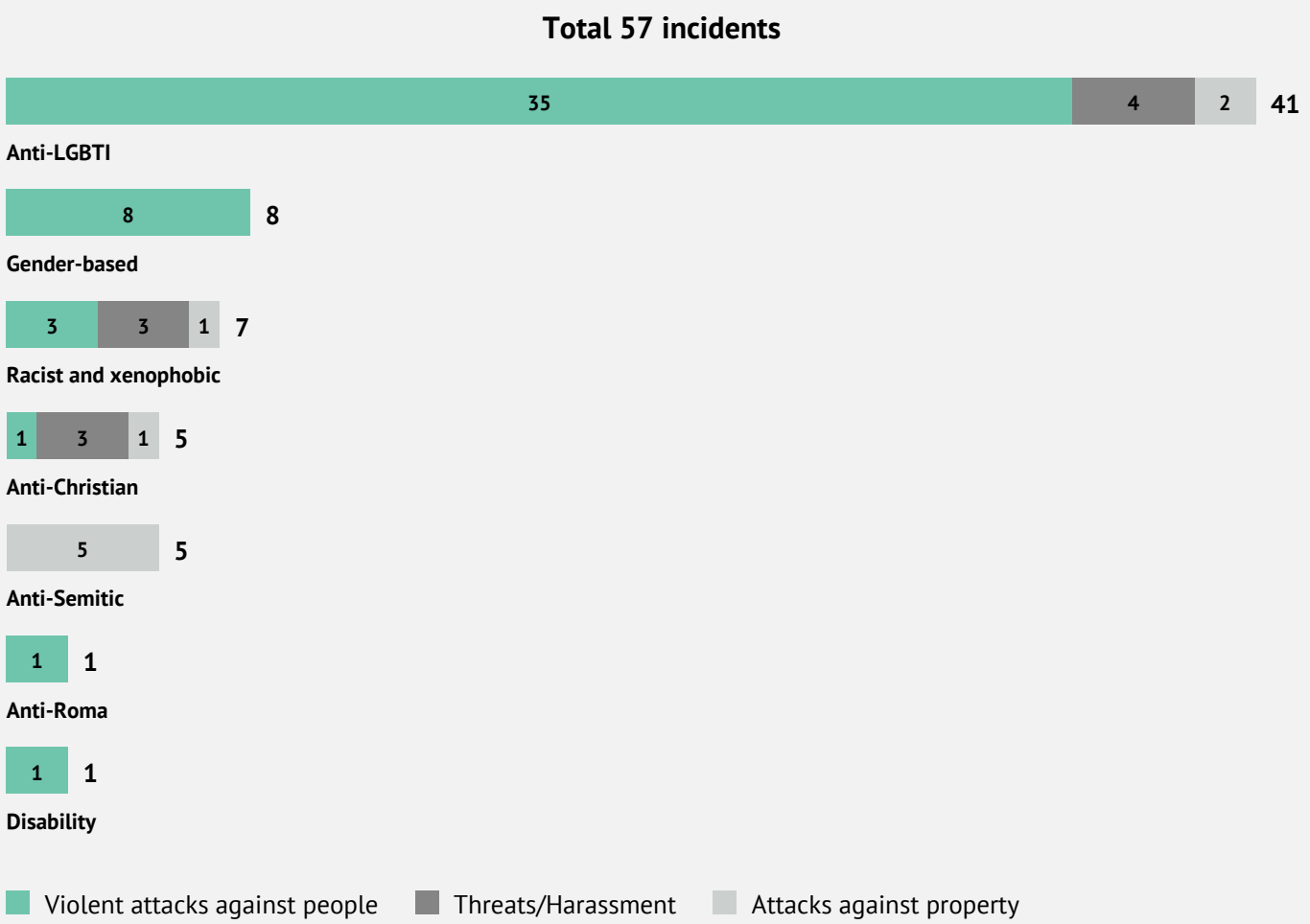
Unspecified crime type

National Developments

On 10 February 2022, representatives of the National Police took part in an online presentation of the annual report of the Nash Svit civil society organization (CSO) on "United against violence. The situation of LGBT people in Ukraine in 2021". On 12 July 2022, representatives of the National Police took part in an online working meeting to discuss opportunities for co-operation within the framework of the Council of Europe's anti-discrimination projects on “Protection of national minorities, including Roma and linguistic minorities in Ukraine", and on "Strengthening access to justice through non-judicial redress mechanisms for victims of discrimination, hate crimes and hate speech in Eastern Partnership countries."

During 2022, two online trainings were conducted for police officers in the Transcarpathian, Kyiv, and Odesa regions, together with the Roma Women's Fund "Chirikli" CSO and with the support of the German Embassy in Ukraine. The training events aimed to establish dialogue between police and Roma communities and promote respect for and the protection of human rights as part of a "Strategy for promoting the realization of the rights and opportunities of persons belonging to the Roma national minority in Ukrainian society for the period until 2030."

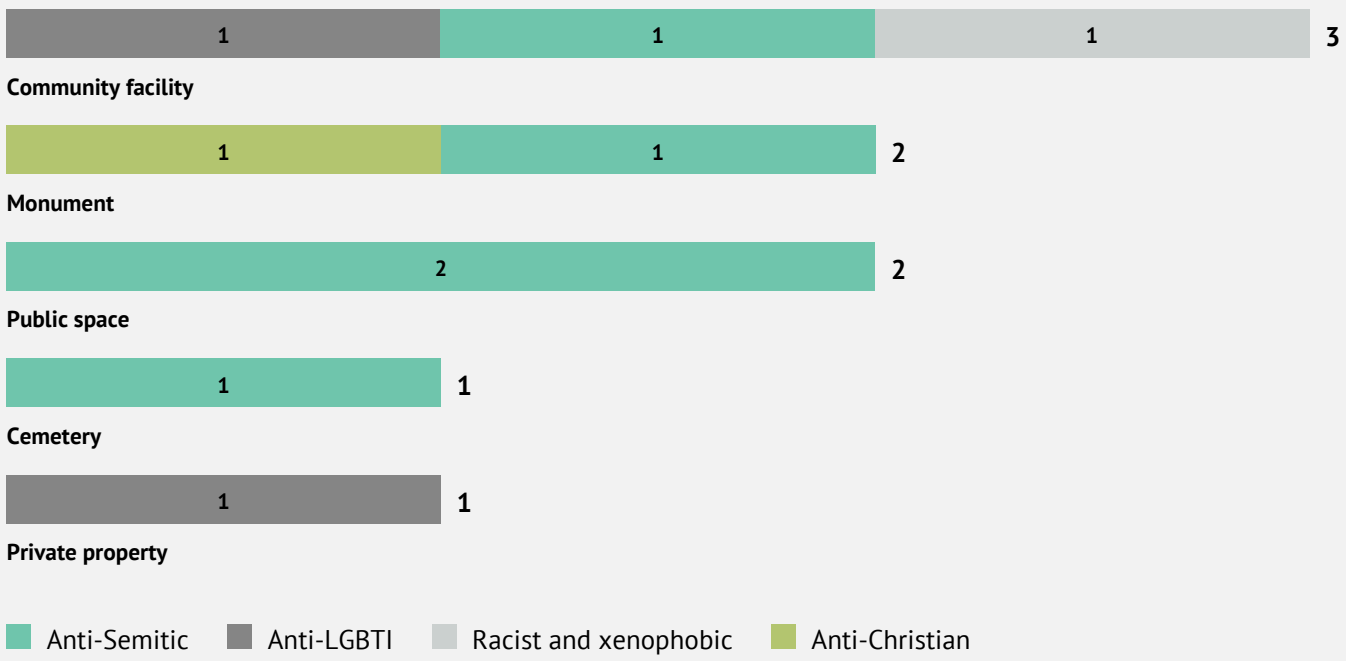
Incidents reported by civil society



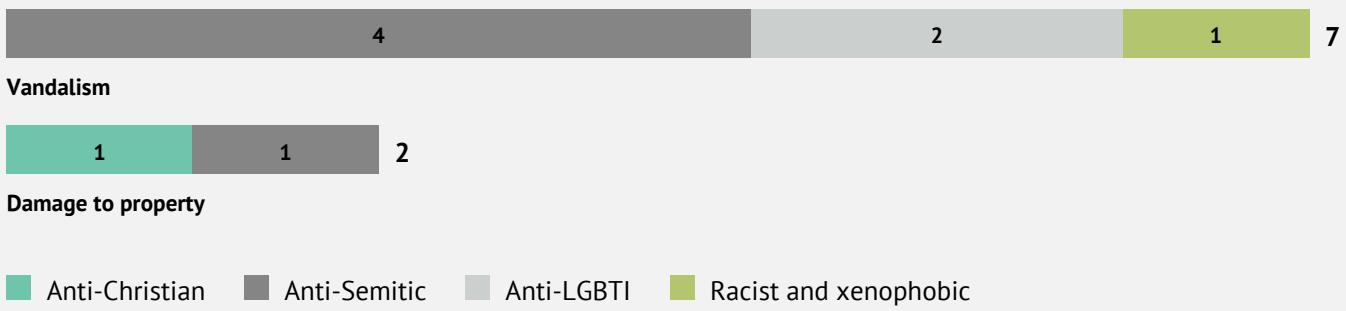
Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

The assessment of incidents reported on the territory of Ukraine, including in the occupied territories of Ukraine, is without prejudice to the applicability and relevance of other branches of public international law, particularly international humanitarian law and international criminal law. In addition to the hate incidents displayed on Ukraine's country page, ODIHR received information on a number of hate incidents that were not included as they go beyond the scope of ODIHR's Hate Crime Report. ODIHR will consider other means to report on these incidents.

Targeted properties



Type of property attack



View civil society incidents for Ukraine, 2022