

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2018 Hate Crime Report.  
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/spain](https://hatecrime.osce.org/spain)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

## 1 2018

### Summary

Spain regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Spain publishes [annual reports](#) on hate crimes.

Spain implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crime for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme in 2019, and the Prosecutor General's Office has established a network of dedicated hate crime prosecutors across the country. A regional TAHCLE in Valencia was implemented in 2016.

The Ministry of Interior has a dedicated [protocol](#) that regulates how law enforcement handles hate crime cases and sets out the specific rights of hate crime victims. Within the Ministry, the Spanish National Office Against Hate Crimes (ONDOD) is responsible for the [Hate Crime Action Plan](#) (adopted for 2019-2021, 2022-2024 and 2025-2028). Currently, the Action Plan covers the areas of victim support, hate crime prevention, training and awareness raising, co-ordination among state authorities, civil society and the private sector, development of a monitoring and co-ordination system for hate crime investigation, and the allocation of adequate human resources for the National Police and the Guardia Civil.

In 2023, Spain implemented a new national Strategic Framework against racism and xenophobia

[Hate crime data collection in Spain](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Spain](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Spain](#)

[Spain's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Spain has not reported to ODIHR the numbers of prosecuted hate crime cases or information on the sentencing of hate crime cases.

## Official Data

The figure presented here includes 14 hate crimes motivated by "fear of the poor" and 596 hate crimes motivated by ideology. These categories fall outside of the OSCE hate crime definition and are not included in the breakdown by bias motivation below.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2018	1,598	not available	not available

## Police data by bias motivation

531

### Racist and xenophobic

259

### Anti-LGBTI

71

### Gender-based

69

### Other hate crime based on religion or belief

These numbers represent all crimes motivated by bias against religion, including bias against Christians and bias against Muslims.

25

### Disability

24

### Unspecified

This category includes 16 hate crimes committed on the grounds of age and eight on the basis of an illness.

9

### Anti-Semitic

## Police data by type of crime

988

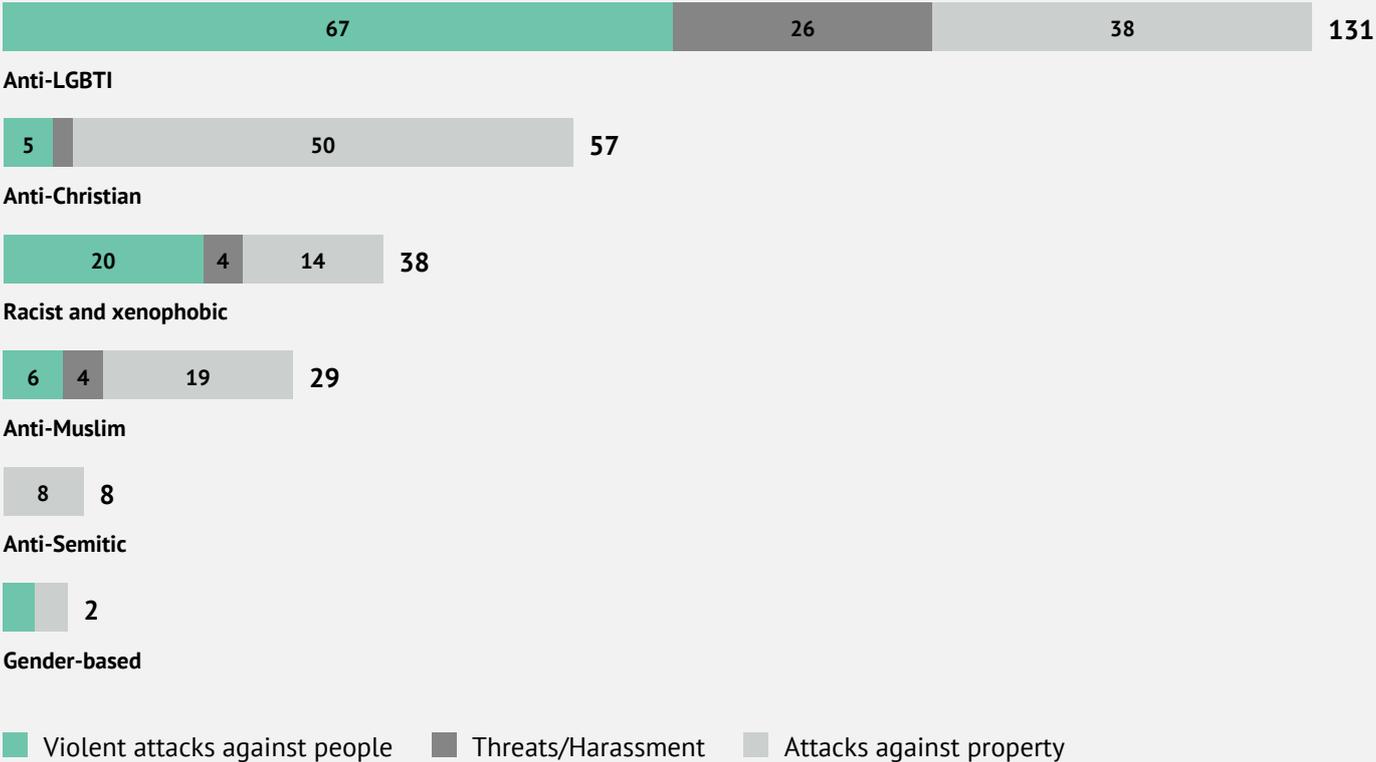
Unspecified crime type

# National Developments

A new category – ageist hate crime – has been introduced into the national monitoring system.

# Incidents reported by civil society

Total 240 incidents



Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

# Targeted properties

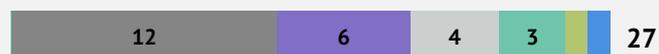
## Total 117 incidents targeting properties



### Place of worship



### Public space



### Private property



### Monument



### School



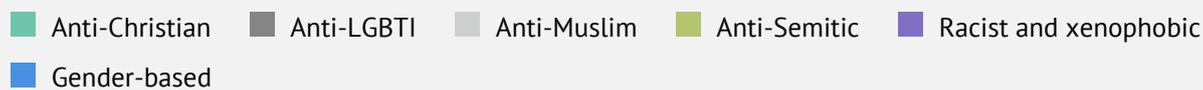
### Community facility



### Other



### Cemetery

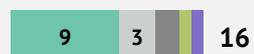


## Type of property attack

### Total 117 incidents targeting properties



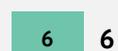
#### Vandalism



#### Damage to property



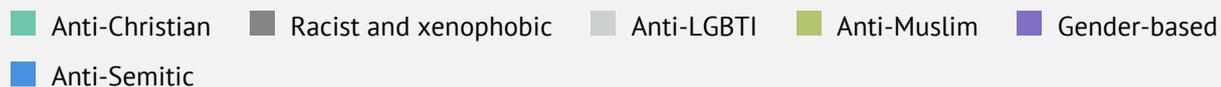
#### Arson



#### Burglary



#### Theft



[View civil society incidents for Spain, 2018](#)