

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2016 Hate Crime Report.  
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/spain](https://hatecrime.osce.org/spain)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

## 1 2016

### Summary

Spain regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Spain publishes [annual reports](#) on hate crimes.

Spain implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crime for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme in 2019, and the Prosecutor General's Office has established a network of dedicated hate crime prosecutors across the country. A regional TAHCLE in Valencia was implemented in 2016.

The Ministry of Interior has a dedicated [protocol](#) that regulates how law enforcement handles hate crime cases and sets out the specific rights of hate crime victims. Within the Ministry, the Spanish National Office Against Hate Crimes (ONDOD) is responsible for the [Hate Crime Action Plan](#) (adopted for 2019-2021, 2022-2024 and 2025-2028). Currently, the Action Plan covers the areas of victim support, hate crime prevention, training and awareness raising, co-ordination among state authorities, civil society and the private sector, development of a monitoring and co-ordination system for hate crime investigation, and the allocation of adequate human resources for the National Police and the Guardia Civil.

In 2023, Spain implemented a new national Strategic Framework against racism and xenophobia

[Hate crime data collection in Spain](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Spain](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Spain](#)

[Spain's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

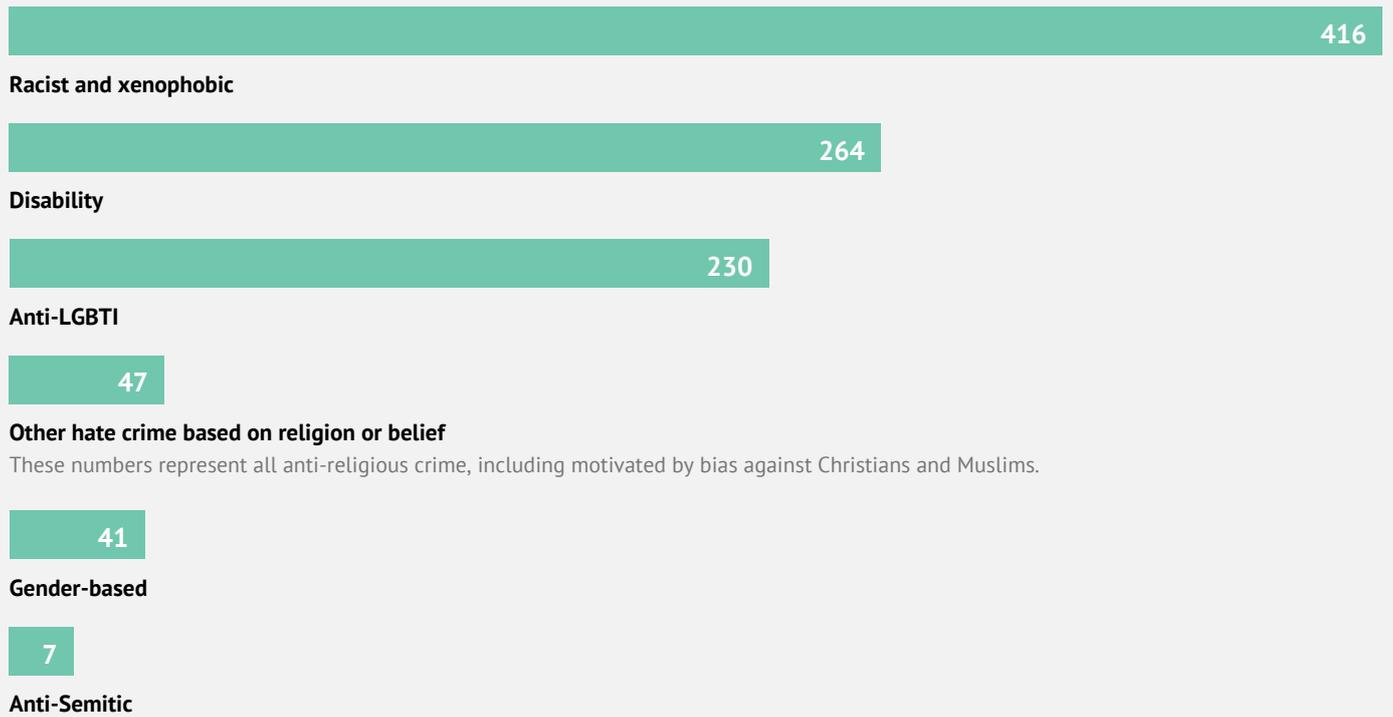
ODIHR observes that Spain has not reported to ODIHR the numbers of prosecuted hate crime cases or information on sentenced hate crime cases.

## Official Data

The figure presented here includes ten hate crimes motivated by "fear of the poor" and 259 hate crimes motivated by ideology. These categories fall outside of the OSCE concept of hate crimes and are not included in the breakdown by bias motivation below.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2016	1,272	not available	not available

## Police data by bias motivation



## Police data by type of crime

524

### Unspecified crime type

This category includes hate crimes committed at, around, shortly before or after a sport event, and other unspecified crimes.

231

### Physical assault

This category includes physical assaults with or without injuries, as well as sexual assaults and abuse.

150

### Threats/ threatening behaviour

This category includes threats and minor harassment.

56

### Theft/ robbery

31

### Damage to property

10

### Attacks against places of worship

2

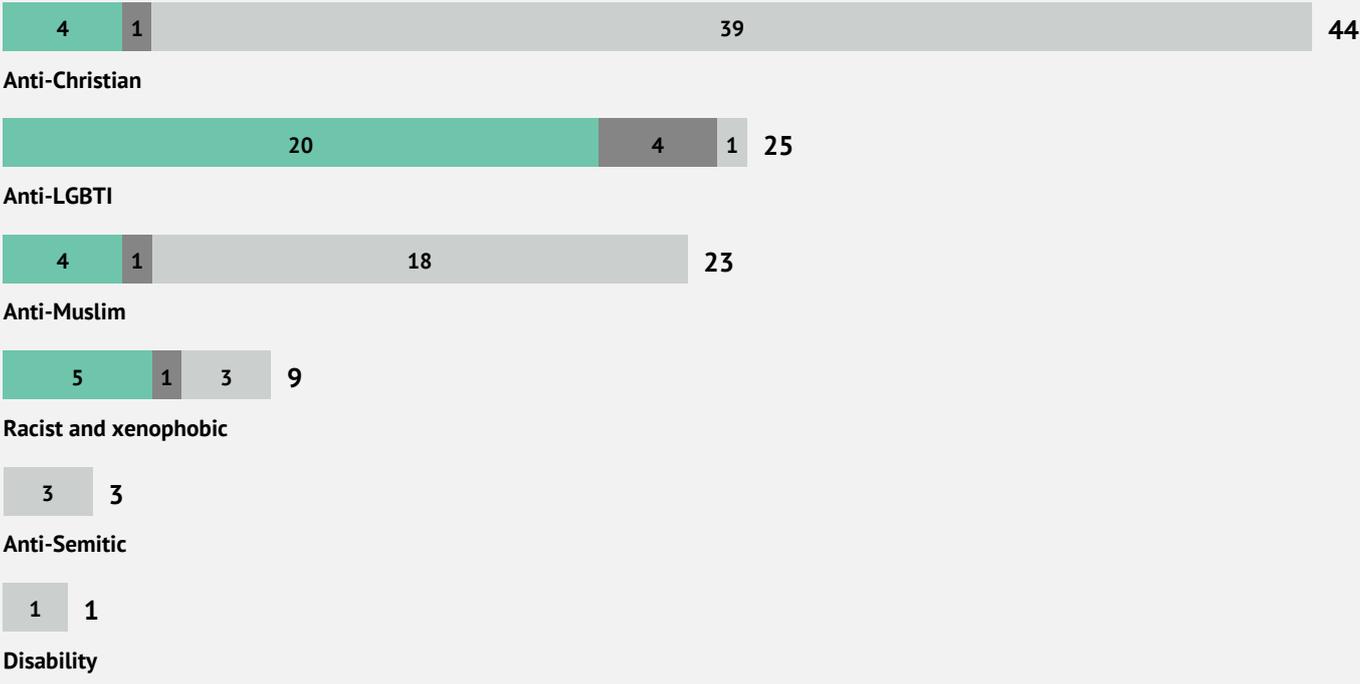
### Homicide

1

### Desecration of graves

# Incidents reported by civil society

Total 105 incidents



■ Violent attacks against people  
 ■ Threats/Harassment  
 ■ Attacks against property

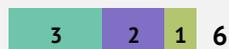
Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

# Targeted properties

## Total 65 incidents targeting properties



### Place of worship



### Private property



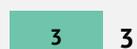
### Monument



### Public space



### School



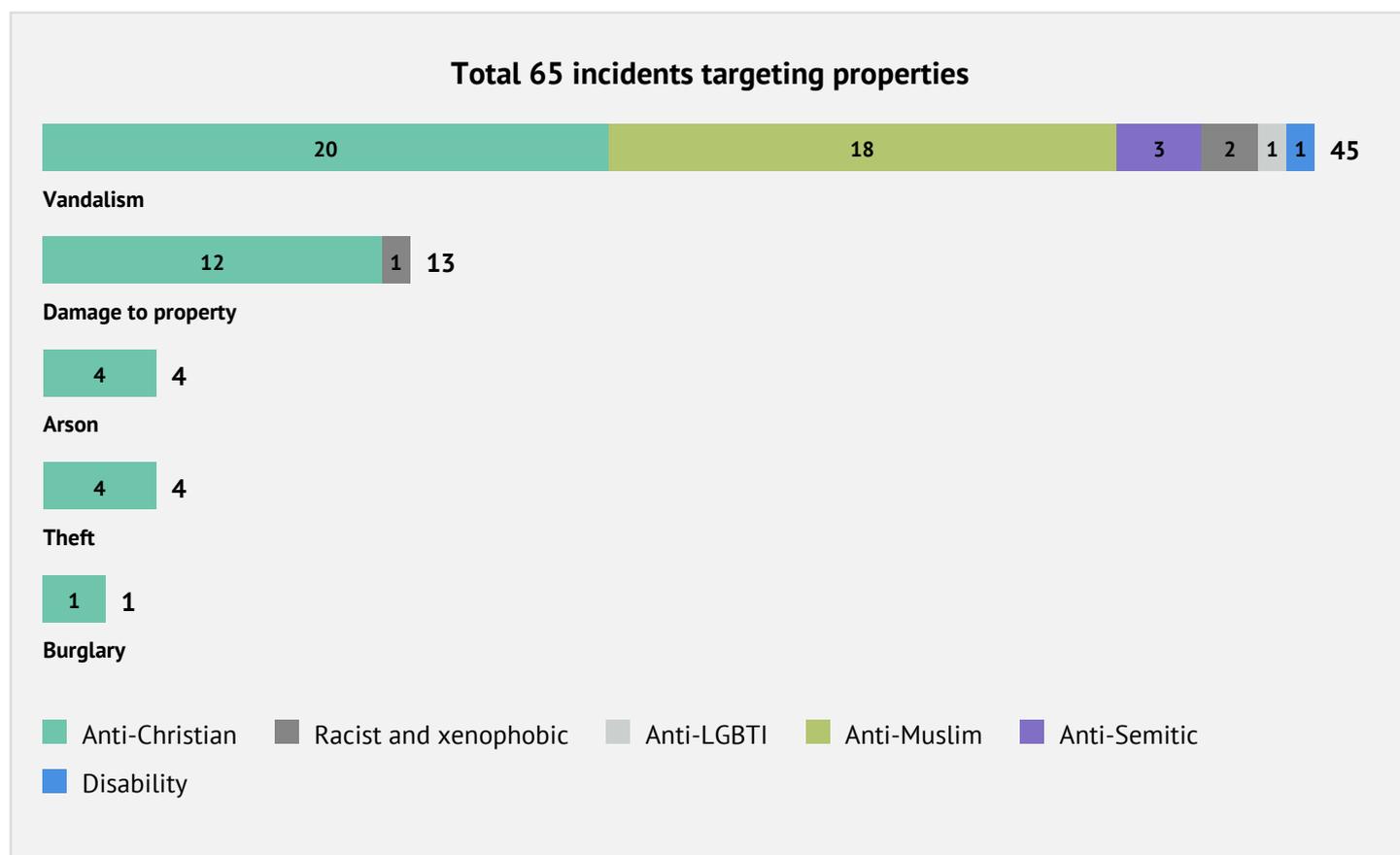
### Cemetery



### Community facility



## Type of property attack



[View civil society incidents for Spain, 2016](#)