

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2016 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/slovakia

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

1 2016

Summary

Slovakia regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Slovakia has implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crime for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme since 2017 and the Prosecutors and Hate Crime Training (PAHCT) programme since 2018. In 2018, the Ministry of Interior co-organized with ODIHR and the EU Agency for Fundamental Rights a workshop on understanding and improving hate crime recording and data collection, based on ODIHR's Information Against Hate Crimes Toolkit (INFAHCT). There is a high degree of hate crime specialization in both police and prosecutor structures in Slovakia. In 2023, ODIHR delivered online training sessions for employees of crime victim information offices from across the country, focusing on the sensitive and respectful treatment of hate crime victims, particularly on the specific needs of vulnerable groups such as Roma and Sinti and LGBTI+ community members.

The Committee for the Prevention and Elimination of Racism, Xenophobia, Anti-Semitism, and Other Forms of Intolerance was established as a Government advisory body. The Committee established working groups on hate speech on the Internet and anti-Semitism, in line with the Memorandum on Cooperation between the Ministry of the Interior of the Slovak Republic and the Federation of Jewish Communities in Slovakia. The working groups include representatives of the police and the prosecutor's office, as well as civil society organizations focusing on human rights, anti-Roma racism, and anti-Semitism.

Hate crime data collection in Slovakia Support for hate crime victims in Slovakia Hate crime capacity building in Slovakia Slovakia's hate crime legislation

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Slovakia could benefit from encouraging victims to report hate crimes and could consider increasing co-operation with civil society in that respect.



Official Data

The police figure refers to crimes recorded as having a "specific motivation", i.e. hate crimes. The prosecution and sentencing figures refer only to the crimes recorded by police in 2016. Prosecutions initiated earlier are not captured here.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2016	10	9	3



Police data by bias motivation The police figure refers to crimes recorded as having a "specific motivation", i.e. hate crimes. 8 Anti-Roma hate crime 2 Anti-Muslim hate crime

Police data by type of crime

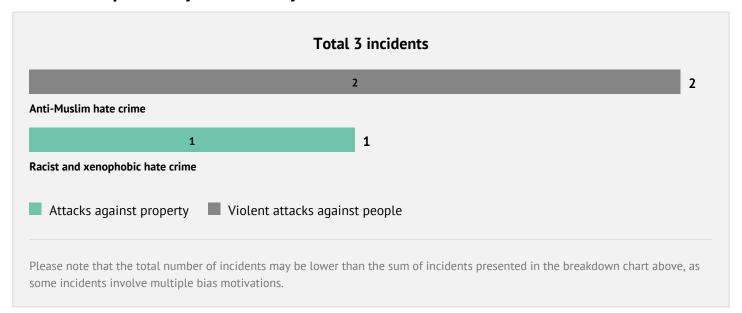
The police figure refers to crimes recorded as having a "specific motivation", i.e. hate crimes.

10

Unspecified



Incidents reported by civil society



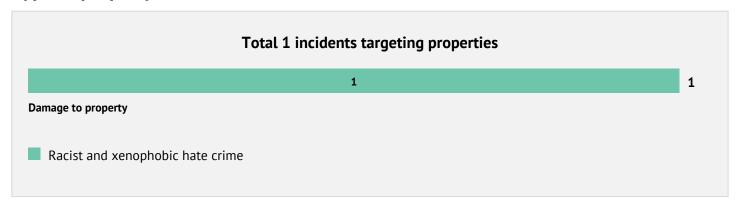


Targeted properties

Total 1 incidents targeting properties 1 Private property Racist and xenophobic hate crime



Type of property attack



View civil society incidents for Slovakia, 2016

