

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2014 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/romania

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

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Summary

Romania regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. The Ministry of Administration and Interior, the Police, the Prosecutor's Office and the Superior Council of Magistracy collect hate crime data.

In 2016, Romania implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crimes for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) Programme. A specialized hate crime unit was created in the Romanian Police in 2021.

Amendments to the Criminal Code introduced in 2023 set out the constituent elements of hate crimes and the protected grounds therein.

Hate crime data collection in Romania Support for hate crime victims in Romania Hate crime capacity building in Romania Romania's hate crime legislation

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Romania's law-enforcement agencies have not recorded the bias motivations of hate crimes.



Official Data

Prosecution figure refers to cases of threats via the Internet. Data reported to ODIHR no longer include cases of hate speech.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2014	25	20	not available



National Developments

A new criminal code entered into force in February 2014. The new code changed the list of protected characteristics in the general penalty-enhancement provision, making it an open-ended list.

A specialized bureau for protecting national cultural heritage was established within the **General Inspectorate of the Romanian Police**. The special bureau is tasked with handling all activities related to addressing any manifestations of racism, xenophobia, extremism and other forms of intolerance, including hate crimes.



Incidents reported by civil society

No data reported to ODIHR.

View civil society incidents for Romania, 2014

