

## Poland Hate Crime Report 2013

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2013 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/poland](https://hatecrime.osce.org/poland)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

### Summary

Poland regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Several public bodies are involved in monitoring and/or collecting data on hate crimes, primarily the police and the Prosecutor's Office. Hate crime data are regularly published.

There is a high degree of hate crime specialization in both police and prosecutor structures. More than 100 specialist hate crime prosecutors have been appointed, and a network of hate crime co-ordinators was established in the police in 2014. In 2015, following a request by the lower house of parliament, ODIHR provided a [legislative review](#) of proposed changes to the Criminal Code of Poland, including on hate crime provisions.

Poland has implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crime for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme since 2012. In 2018, the Ministry of the Interior, ODIHR and the EU Fundamental Rights Agency co-organized a workshop on understanding and improving hate crime recording and data collection based on ODIHR's Information Against Hate Crimes Toolkit (INFAHCT) programme. Poland also developed and piloted a methodology for conducting victimization surveys as part of ODIHR's project on "[Building a Comprehensive Criminal Justice Response to Hate Crime](#)". In 2019, ODIHR co-operated with the Commissioner for Human Rights in Poland to issue a [report](#) on the nature and scale of unreported hate crimes against members of selected communities in Poland.

[Hate crime data collection in Poland](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Poland](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Poland](#)

[Poland's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Poland has not reported on hate crimes separately from cases of hate speech.

## Official Data

Two sets of data are reported to ODIHR: The overall number of hate crimes is provided by the police and disaggregated by the type of crime, but not by bias motivation (presented in the “unspecified” bias motivation section below). The Ministry of the Interior reports a number of hate crimes disaggregated by bias motivation, but not by the type of crime. Most of the cases recorded by the Ministry of the Interior are included in the overall figure (although due to technical limitations, these are also displayed separately below). Reported data include crimes of incitement to hatred.

| Year | Hate crimes recorded by police | Prosecuted | Sentenced |
|------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| 2013 | 757                            | 116        | 53        |

## Police data by bias motivation

757

### Unspecified

55

#### Racist and xenophobic hate crime

The **Ministry of the Interior** recorded 55 hate crimes and hate incidents motivated by racism and xenophobia.

25

#### Anti-Semitic hate crime

The **Ministry of the Interior** recorded 25 hate crimes and hate incidents motivated by anti-Semitism.

25

#### Hate crime against Christians and members of other religions

The **Ministry of the Interior** recorded 25 hate crimes and hate incidents motivated by anti-religious bias.

12

#### Anti-Roma hate crime

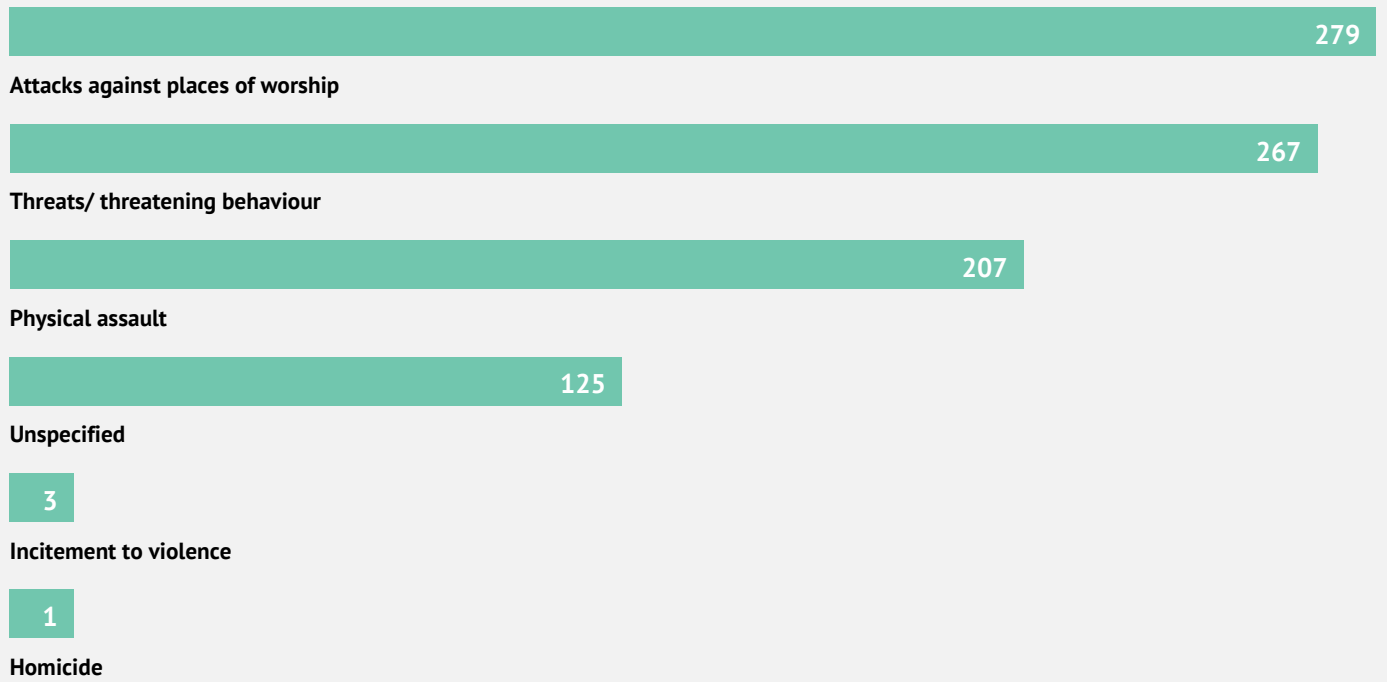
The **Ministry of the Interior** recorded 12 hate crimes and hate incidents motivated by bias against Roma and Sinti.

8

#### Anti-LGBTI hate crime

The **Ministry of the Interior** recorded 8 hate crimes and hate incidents motivated by bias on the basis of sexual orientation.

## Police data by type of crime



## National Developments

Official law-enforcement figures record 757 hate crimes without specifying the underlying biases of these crimes.

The figure includes a homicide, 207 physical assaults, three cases of incitement to violence, 279 cases of attacks against places of worship and 267 cases of threats or threatening behaviour.

The 126 cases reported by the **Ministry of the Interior**, displayed above by bias motivation, are mostly included in this overall figure; however, for technical reasons they are also presented separately in the above sections on hate crimes recorded by bias motivation.

# Incidents reported by civil society

No data reported to ODIHR.

[View civil society incidents for Poland, 2013](#)