

Netherlands Hate Crime Report 2013

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2013 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/netherlands

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

Summary

The Netherlands regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. [Police](#) and [prosecution](#) statistics are published annually. A victimization survey is conducted by the Central Bureau of Statistics every two years and the results are published [here](#).

The Netherlands' Criminal Code contains no hate crime provisions, and hate crimes are addressed as "criminal offences with a discriminatory aspect". The Public Prosecution Service provides guidance on investigating and prosecuting such offences ([Aanwijzing Discriminatie](#)), including on prioritising discrimination offences.

In October 2021, the Netherlands appointed a National Coordinator against Discrimination and Racism to ensure a comprehensive approach to countering discrimination and hate crime, including with the involvement of civil society.

In May 2022, a new State Commission against Discrimination and Racism (State Commission) was tasked with conducting research into discrimination and racism, including hate crimes.

The Ministry of the Interior (Mol) regularly consults civil society organizations (CSOs) on anti-discrimination policies. In particular, the Mol has entered into a formal co-operation agreement with the CSO Discriminatie.nl, which monitors discrimination in the Netherlands.

[Hate crime data collection in the Netherlands](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in the Netherlands](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in the Netherlands](#)

[The Netherlands's hate crime legislation](#)

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that the Netherlands has not reported reliable statistics on hate crimes to ODIHR.

Official Data

Figures reported to ODIHR and presented here include hate speech and discrimination offences (or "basic forms of discrimination") as well as hate crimes ("common offences with a discriminatory motive"). Where multiple biases are registered in an offence, each of them is reported individually in the breakdown below. Numbers presented here were reported in 2015 only.

| Year | Hate crimes recorded by police | Prosecuted | Sentenced |
|------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| 2013 | 3,614 | 83 | 89 |

Police data by bias motivation

1,383

Anti-LGBTI hate crime

Official data record 1343 homophobic and 40 transphobic hate crimes.

1,313

Racist and xenophobic hate crime

Official data record 1313 racist and xenophobic hate crimes.

717

Anti-Semitic hate crime

Official data record 717 anti-Semitic hate crimes.

157

Hate crime against Christians and members of other religions

Official data record 14 anti-Christian hate crimes and further 143 hate crimes motivated by bias against members of other religions.

117

Anti-Muslim hate crime

Official data record 117 hate crimes motivated by bias against Muslims.

15

Unspecified

2

Anti-Roma hate crime

Official data record two hate crimes motivated by bias against Roma and Sinti.

Police data by type of crime

| | |
|-------------|-------|
| | 3,704 |
| Unspecified | |

National Developments

This category displays 15 hate crimes committed on the grounds of sex/gender.

Incidents reported by civil society

No data reported to ODIHR.

[View civil society incidents for Netherlands, 2013](#)