

# OSCE ODIHR

## HATE CRIME REPORTING

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2018 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/hungary](http://hatecrime.osce.org/hungary)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](http://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

## 1 2018

### Summary

Hungary regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. In 2012, the National Police Headquarters established a special hate crime network, which is responsible for supervising hate crime investigations. In the same year, a civil society working group against hate crimes (GYEM) was established with the aim of strengthening co-ordination with police and developing a list of bias indicators, which were adopted by the network and uploaded onto the police intranet. In 2018, the Ministry of Interior hosted a workshop on hate crime recording and data collection. The workshop was co-facilitated by ODIHR and the EU Agency for Fundamental Rights and resulted in a set of recommendations for relevant state authorities.

[Hate crime data collection in Hungary](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Hungary](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Hungary](#)

[Hungary's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Hungary's law enforcement agencies have not recorded the bias motivations of hate crimes.

## Official Data

The reported statistics were only broken down by type of crime and, in some cases, by target. Breakdown by bias motivation is not available.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2018	194	52	0

## Police data by bias motivation

194

Unspecified

## Police data by type of crime

132

Desecration of graves

29

Disturbance of the peace

11

Attacks against places of worship

11

Damage to property

7

Physical assault

4

Vandalism

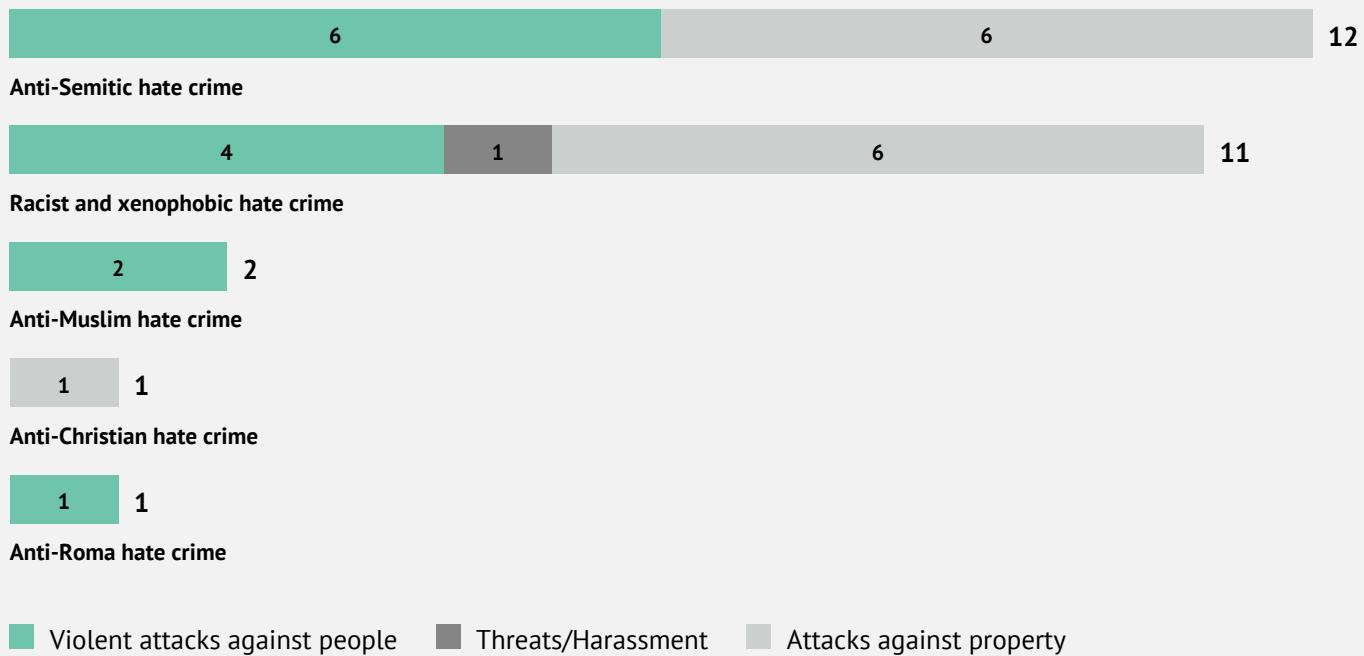
## National Developments

An internal police regulation on hate crime investigation has been developed, with a view to introducing it to police practice in 2019, and will include a methodological guidance, including a list of bias indicators elaborated earlier by a working group of state and civil society organizations. The regulation's implementation will be made mandatory by an order of the police chief.

The **Ministry of Interior**, together with ODIHR and FRA, organized a workshop for police and other criminal justice agencies involved in recording hate crimes. The workshop produced a set of recommendations on improving hate crime registration, which were provided to the Ministry to be conveyed to police for implementation.

## Incidents reported by civil society

Total 25 incidents



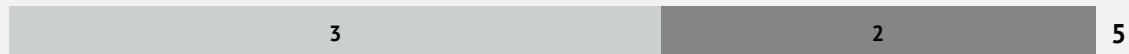
Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

## Targeted properties

Total 11 incidents targeting properties



Public space



Private property

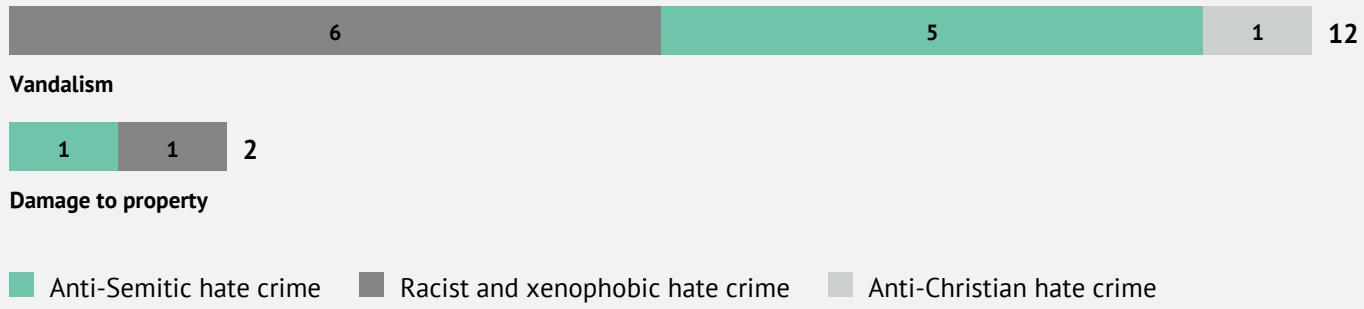


Place of worship

 Anti-Christian hate crime    Racist and xenophobic hate crime    Anti-Semitic hate crime

## Type of property attack

Total 11 incidents targeting properties



[View civil society incidents for Hungary, 2018](#)