OSCE ODIHR
HATE CRIME REPORTING

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2021 Hate Crime Report.
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/czech-republic

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

1 2021

Summary

The Czech Republic regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Hate crime data are published annually in the government's Report on "Extremism and Prejudicial Hatred". The Czech Republic implements its "Strategy for Combating Extremism and Prejudice-Motivated Hatred, 2021–2026" through two-yearly Action Plans on Combating Extremism and Prejudicial Hatred, including an Action Plan covering 2025-2026 (available online in Czech). The Actions Plans are developed in close co-operation with civil society.
The Czech Republic has been implementing ODIHR's Prosecutors and Hate Crime Training (PAHCT) programme since 2020.

Hate crime data collection in the Czech Republic
Support for hate crime victims in the Czech Republic
Hate crime capacity building in the Czech Republic
The Czech Republic's hate crime legislation

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes the Czech Republic's efforts to build prosecutors' capacities in addressing hate crimes. However, based on the available information, it observes that the country's mechanisms for recording hate crime data and statistics do not sufficiently distinguish hate crimes from other crimes. In addition, ODIHR observes that the Czech Republic would benefit from raising awareness among and building the capacity of police to respond to hate crimes.

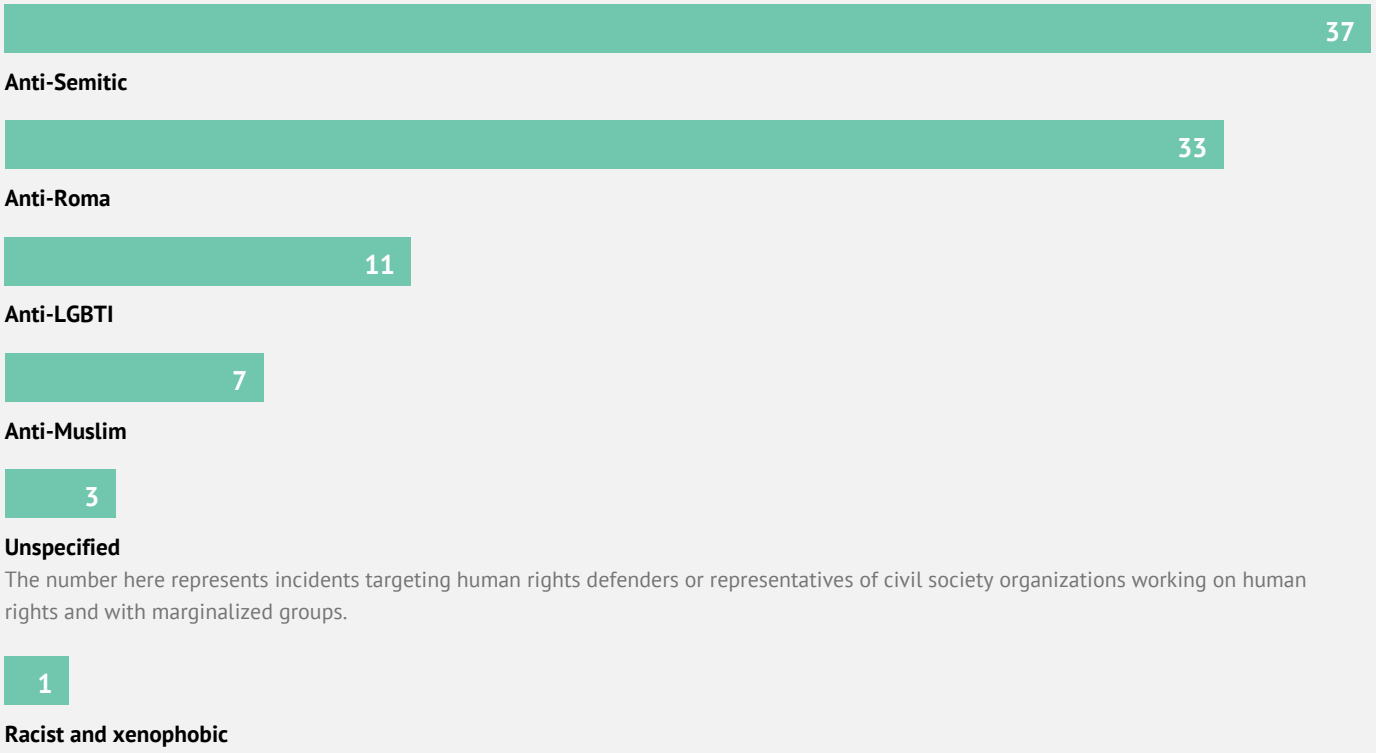
Official Data

The authorities monitored and reported 108 "offences with a hostility background", which includes criminal forms of intolerance other than hate crimes. While the numbers presented here only represent hate crimes according to the OSCE definition, the breakdown by bias motivation below is based on all reported offences. The reported number of prosecuted hate crimes represents the number of people charged. The sentencing figure represents the number of people convicted, some of whom may have committed more than one hate crime.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2021	62	24	33

Police data by bias motivation

The breakdown below includes offences recorded as committed with the following bias motivations: racist and xenophobic hate crime; anti-Roma hate crime; anti-Semitic hate crime; anti-Roma hate crime; anti-Muslim hate crime; anti-LGBTI hate crime; and "other hate crime", which includes incidents targeting human rights defenders, some of whom may work with marginalized groups. The numbers may include incidents that fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition.



Police data by type of crime

The breakdown below includes offences recorded as committed with the following bias motivations: racist and xenophobic hate crime; anti-Roma hate crime; anti-Semitic hate crime; anti-Roma hate crime; anti-Muslim hate crime; anti-LGBTI hate crime; and "other hate crime", which includes incidents targeting human rights defenders, some of whom may work with marginalized groups. The numbers may include incidents that fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition.

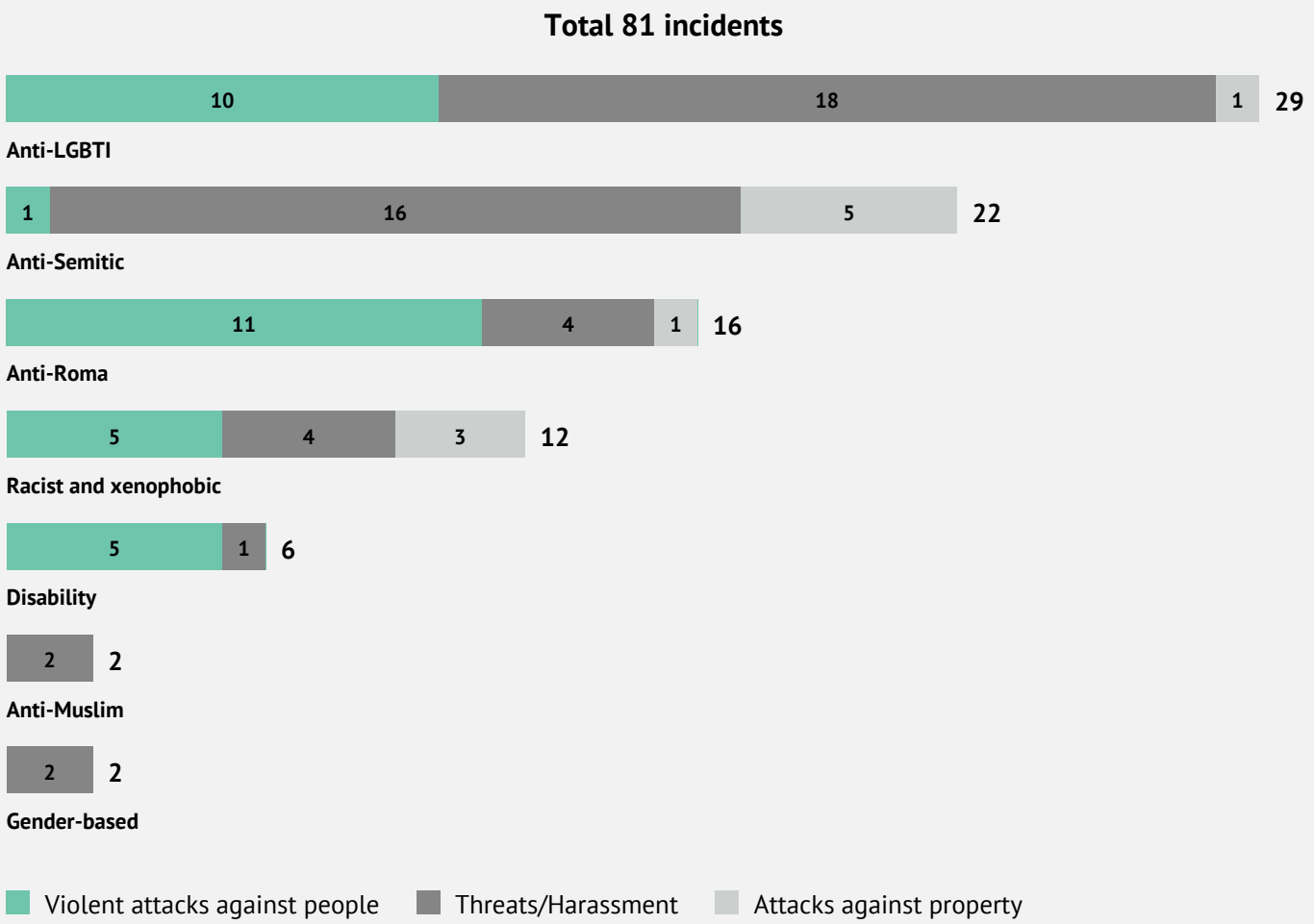
92

Unspecified crime type

National Developments

The number here represents incidents targeting human rights defenders or representatives of civil society organizations working on human rights and with marginalized groups.

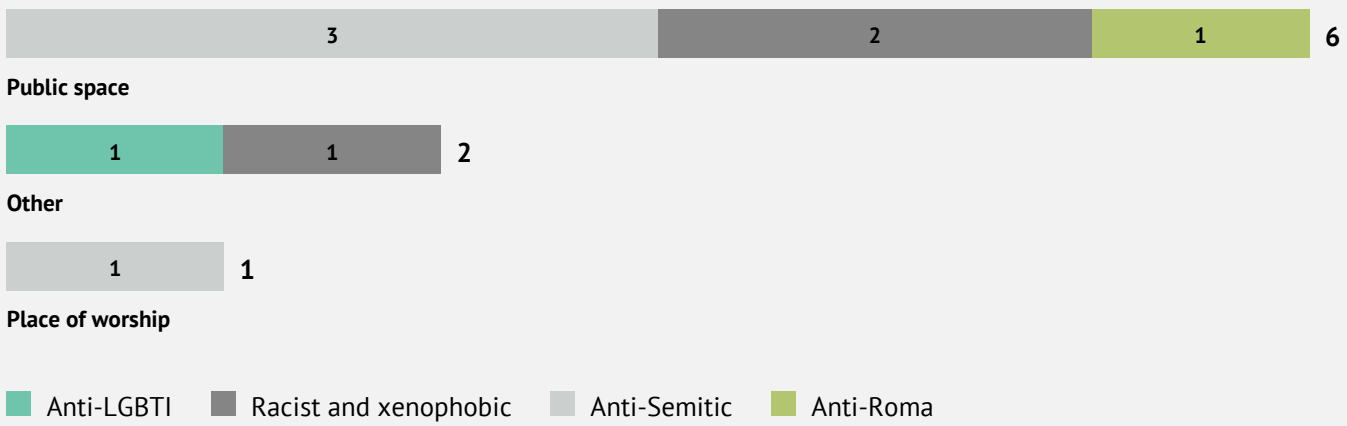
Incidents reported by civil society



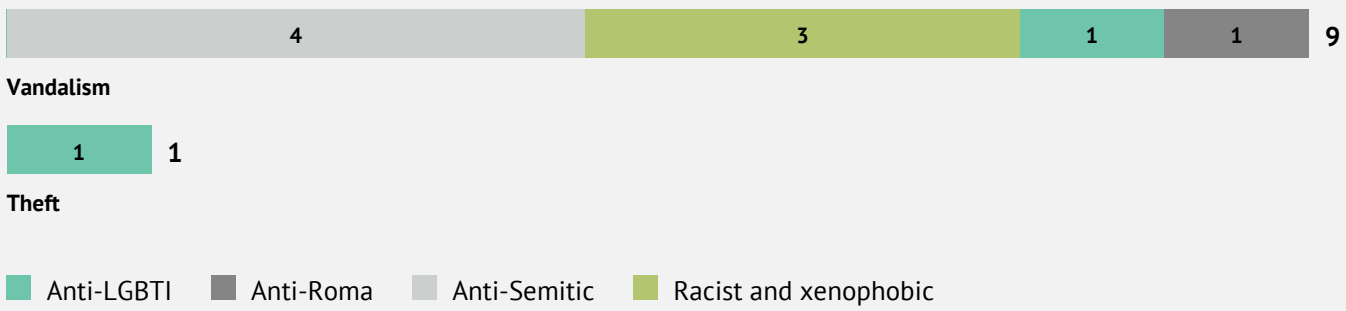
Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

In addition to incidents summarized below, this graph includes three cases of anti-Semitic incidents reported by the Federation of Jewish Communities in the Czech Republic.

Targeted properties



Type of property attack



View civil society incidents for Czech Republic, 2021