

## Bulgaria Hate Crime Report 2020

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2020 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/bulgaria](https://hatecrime.osce.org/bulgaria)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

### Summary

Bulgaria regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Bulgaria implemented ODIHR's Training Against Hate Crime for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme from 2012 until 2017. Bulgaria also took part in ODIHR's project on "Building a Comprehensive Criminal Justice Response to Hate Crime", helping to develop a joint training programme for police and prosecutors that was piloted in the country. Bulgaria has also made efforts to improve hate crime identification, recording and data collection systems through ODIHR's Information Against Hate Crimes Toolkit (INFAHCT) programme. ODIHR completed a [review](#) of Bulgaria's hate crime legislation in 2018.

[Hate crime data collection in Bulgaria](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Bulgaria](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Bulgaria](#)

[Bulgaria's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes Bulgaria's efforts to build the capacities of police in responding to hate crime. However, based on the available information, it observes that the law enforcement agencies of Bulgaria have not recorded the bias motivations behind hate crimes. In addition, ODIHR observes that Bulgaria would benefit from reviewing its existing legal framework in order to ensure that bias motivation can be effectively acknowledged and appropriate penalties can be imposed on the perpetrators.

## Official Data

The numbers recorded by the police refer to cases registered under substantive offences, some of which are hate speech provisions, and specific penalty enhancements in the Bulgarian Criminal Code. However, most (706) of the offences under the latter category include crimes committed out of "hooligan motives", which fall outside of the OSCE's hate crime definition. The number of sentencing judgments refers also include discrimination-based offences which fall outside the OSCE's hate crime definition.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2020	727	353	289

## Police data by bias motivation

727

Hate crime against other groups

## Police data by type of crime

705

**Physical assault**

21

**Incitement to violence**

1

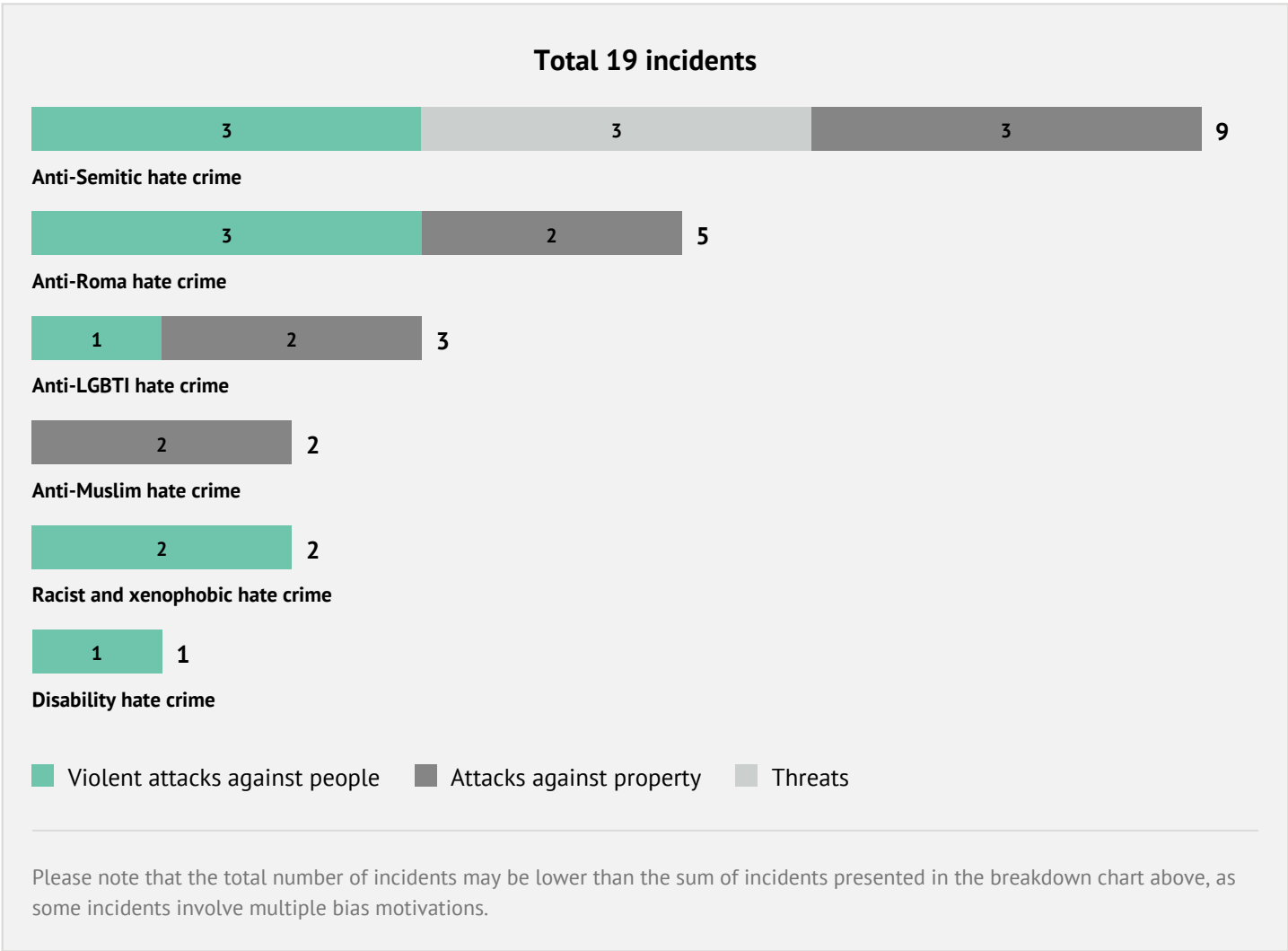
**Homicide**

## National Developments

In February and July 2020, respectively, in Arbanassi and Bankya, two training events for **police officers** on the topic of hate crime were organized by the LGBTI youth organization "Action".

The **Ministry of Foreign Affairs** published a handbook entitled "Police Action in Hate Crimes against LGBTI People: Training for a Professional Police Response" which was developed under the project "Safe To Be" funded by the European Union's Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme (2014-2020). The project has three goals: the first is related to publishing the handbook; the second entails developing a Handbook on Restorative Justice; and the third is to create a website for (and by) the LGBTI community offering an empowering counter-narrative for hate-based conflicts.

# Incidents reported by civil society



In addition to incidents summarized below, this graph includes 2 hate incidents reported by Kantor Center as statistics.

## Targeted properties

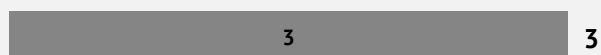
### Total 10 incidents targeting properties



Public Space



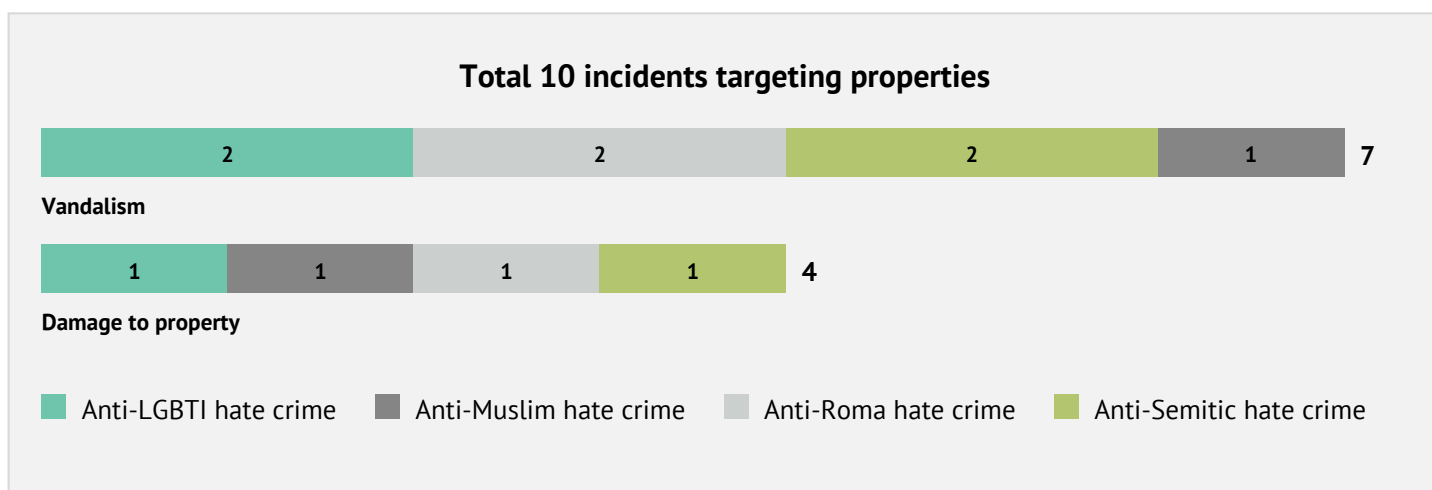
Cemetery



Place of worship

■ Anti-Muslim hate crime   ■ Anti-Semitic hate crime   ■ Anti-LGBTI hate crime   ■ Anti-Roma hate crime

## Type of property attack



[View civil society incidents for Bulgaria, 2020](#)