

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2020 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/bosnia-and-herzegovina](https://hatecrime.osce.org/bosnia-and-herzegovina)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

## 1 2020

### Summary

Bosnia and Herzegovina regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR via the Ministry of Interior. There is no formal system for recording and collecting hate crime data in the country. In co-operation with ODIHR and the OSCE Mission to Bosnia and Herzegovina, the authorities of Republika Srpska have worked to improve hate crime recording and data collection through ODIHR's Information Against Hate Crimes Toolkit (INFAHCT) programme, including through a diagnostic workshop held in April 2022. Bosnia and Herzegovina has also co-operated with ODIHR and the OSCE Mission to train law enforcement officers and criminal justice professionals on hate crimes.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has launched a Gender Action Plan for 2023-2027, which includes hate crime prevention activities as part of its strategic implementation.

[Hate crime data collection in Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)

[Bosnia and Herzegovina's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes Bosnia and Herzegovina's efforts in reporting information on hate crime to ODIHR. However, based on the available information, it observes the low numbers of officially recorded hate crimes. In addition, ODIHR observes that Bosnia and Herzegovina would benefit from raising awareness and building the capacity of criminal justice officials to address hate crimes.

## Official Data

Police records include criminal offences that may fall outside of the OSCE's definition of a hate crime. The data do not include data from the Federal Police Administration. In some cases, hate speech provisions were also applied to incidents that would fall under this definition. One incident involved two separate criminal offences and is, therefore, counted twice under the police records.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2020	8	8	5

## Police data by bias motivation

The data below consists of records reported by the State Investigation and Protection Agency (SIPA) and the Ministries of the Interior of the Republika Srpska, Central Bosnia Canton, Zenica-Doboj Canton and Sarajevo Canton.

3

### Racist and xenophobic hate crime

The three incidents under the category of "Threats" were classified as the criminal offence of incitement of ethnic, racial and religious hatred, discord and hostility

## Police data by type of crime

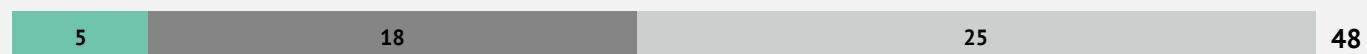
The data below consists of records reported by the State Investigation and Protection Agency (SIPA) and the Ministries of the Interior of the Republika Srpska, Central Bosnia Canton, Zenica-Doboj Canton and Sarajevo Canton.

3

**Threats/ threatening behaviour**

## Incidents reported by civil society

Total 91 incidents



Racist and xenophobic hate crime



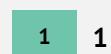
Anti-Christian hate crime



Anti-Muslim hate crime



Anti-LGBTI hate crime



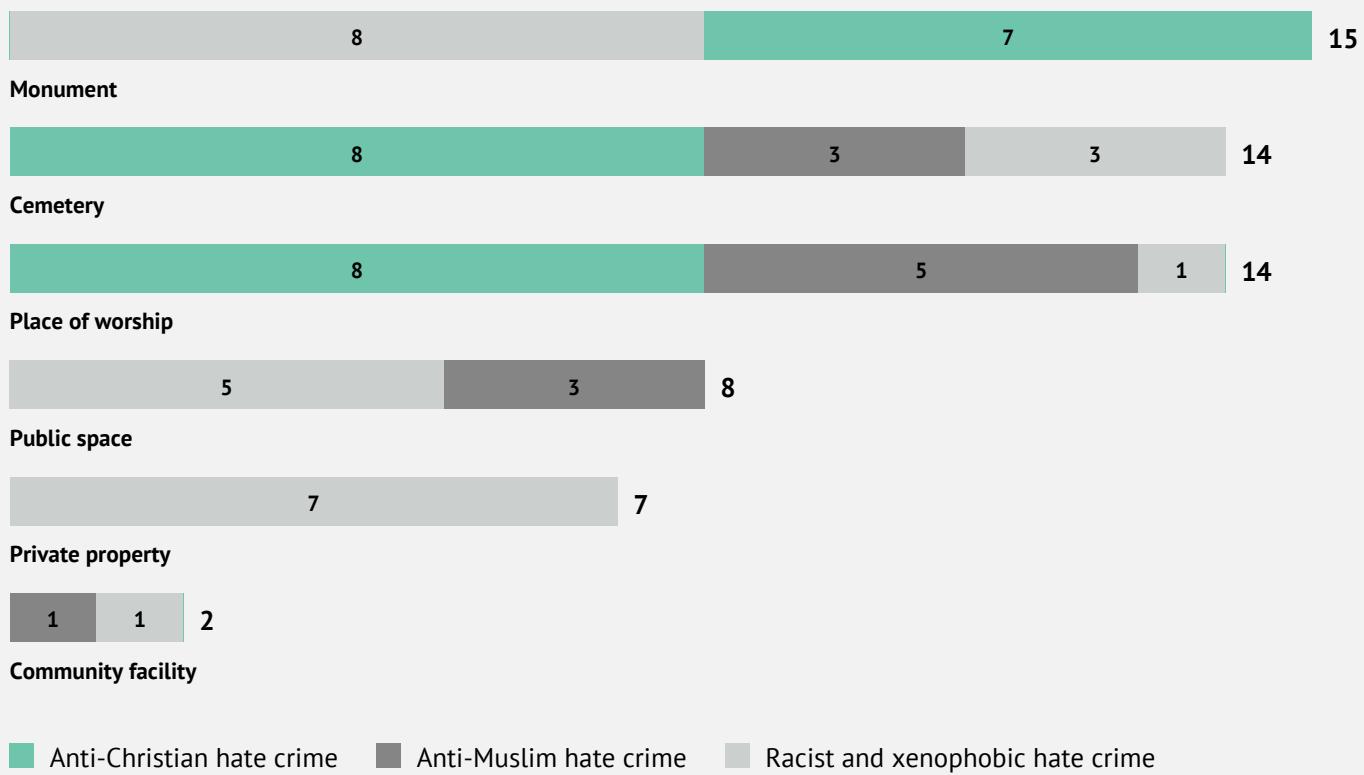
Gender-based hate crime

■ Violent attacks against people   ■ Threats/Harassment   ■ Attacks against property

Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

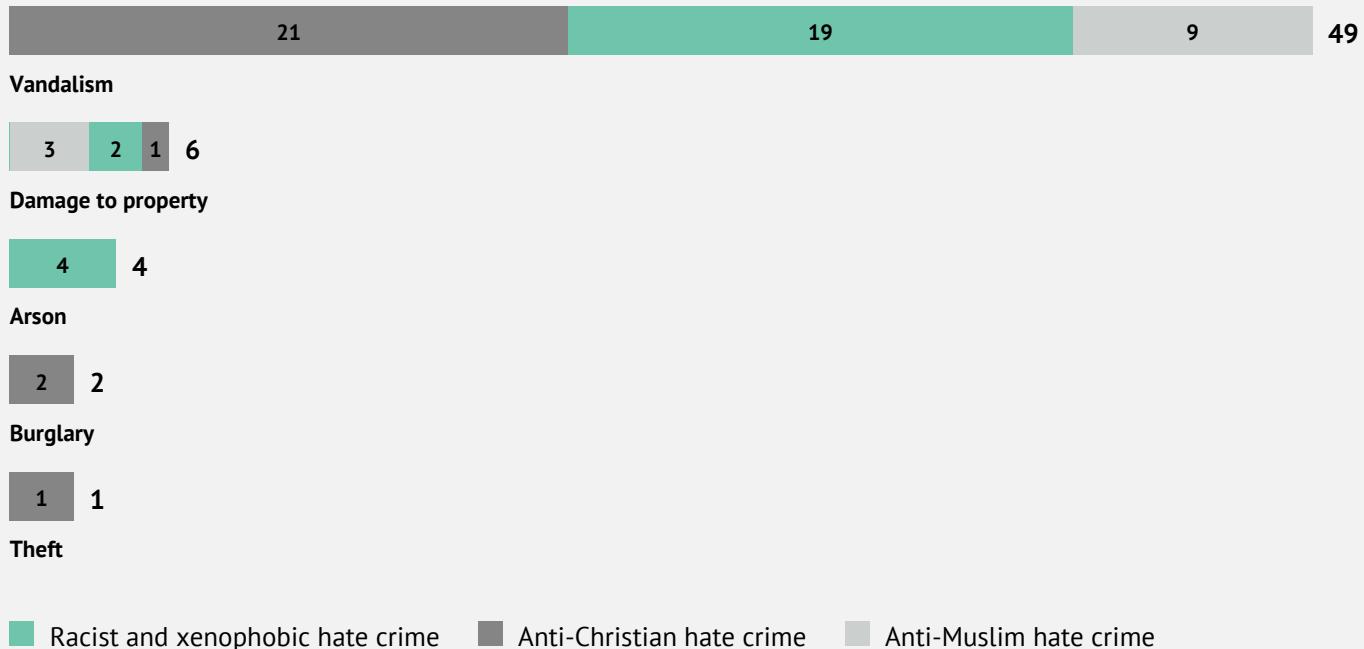
## Targeted properties

Total 51 incidents targeting properties



## Type of property attack

Total 51 incidents targeting properties



[View civil society incidents for Bosnia and Herzegovina, 2020](#)