2017 Hate Crime Data Now Available! [1]

16 November 2018
Marking the International Day for Tolerance, ODIHR is publishing its hate crime data for 2017. Find out more here.
The 2017 data contain information provided by participating States, civil society and international organizations. This includes official data reported by 39 states, including disaggregated official hate crime statistics for 23 countries.

These are complemented by information on hate incidents in 47 participating States, as reported by 124 civil society groups, the UNHCR, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) and OSCE field operations.

You can find out more about how we collect our data in the Frequently Asked Questions [2].

- Consult the 2017 data here [3].

Disaggregated incident data

Incident data reported by these sources can be comprehensively searched, filtered and downloaded. This can be done by country, by bias motivation and by type of incident.

- You can view all of the incidents reported to ODIHR here, [4]

Key Findings

The infographic below provides an overview of our key findings for 2017.

- High resolution image (.png) [5]
- Print version (PDF) [6]
2017 Hate Crime Data Now Available!
Published on OSCE - ODIHR
(https://hatecrime.osce.org)

Overview of contributions
- 40 states contributed to the report
- 36 states submitted official statistics
- 24 states submitted police statistics by bias motivation
- 124 civil society contributors
- 45 states covered by civil society data
- 35 states covered by IGOs data

Data coverage by bias motivation
Number of states for which there are official data and hate incidents reported by other sources:

- Racism and xenophobia
  - 35 official data
  - 23 incidents
- Bias against Roma and Sinti
  - 17 official data
  - 8 incidents
- Anti-Semitism
  - 21 official data
  - 15 incidents
- Bias against Muslims
  - 29 official data
  - 16 incidents
- Bias against Christians
  - 33 official data
  - 19 incidents
- Bias against people with disabilities
  - 13 official data
  - 6 incidents
- Bias based on sex
  - 10 official data
  - 8 incidents
- Bias based on sexual orientation or gender identity
  - 33 official data
  - 19 incidents

Overview of incidents
This graphic shows hate incidents reported by civil society, international organizations and the Holy See. It is divided by bias motivation and shows the ratio for each type of incident.

- Racism and xenophobia
  - 52% violent attacks against people
  - 48% threats
- Bias against Muslims
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Bias against Christians
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Bias against Roma and Sinti
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Anti-Semitism
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Bias against people with disabilities
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Bias based on sex
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats
- Bias based on sexual orientation or gender identity
  - 40% violent attacks against people
  - 60% threats

Legend
- Violent attacks against people
- Threats
- Attacks against property

This graphic is based on information reported to ODIHR. It does not fully reflect the prevalence of hate crimes in the OSCE area. Data are not comparable across countries or bias motivations.
Racism and xenophobia [7]
Bias against Roma and Sinti [8]
Anti-Semitism [9]
Bias against Muslims [10]
Bias against Christians [11]
Bias against members of other religions or beliefs [12]
Bias against other groups – Sex [13]
Bias against other groups – Sexual orientation or gender identity [14]
Bias against other groups – People with disabilities [15]

Working with civil society
Recording hate crimes

Log in

Source URL: https://hatecrime.osce.org/2017-data

Links
[1] https://hatecrime.osce.org/2017-data
[12] https://hatecrime.osce.org/what-hate-crime/bias-against-members-other-religions-or-beliefs