

United Kingdom Hate Crime Report 2009

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2009 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/united-kingdom

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

Summary

The United Kingdom regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR.

Authorities collaborate closely with civil society, including through Information Sharing Agreements concluded between the police and the Community Security Trust (CST), Galop and Tell MAMA, which enable the exchange of recorded data about incidents. The Crown Prosecution Service (CPS) regularly convenes the external consultation group (ECG) on hate crime together with community organizations, victim advocacy groups, academics with relevant expertise and others. ECG members scrutinize CPS policies and practices, and inform about necessary changes and improvements.

In Northern Ireland, the Department of Justice chairs a multi-agency Hate Crime Delivery Group (HCDG) to identify strategic, cross-governmental priorities and develop new approaches to dealing with hate crime. The group meets quarterly and includes representatives of government departments, criminal justice agencies and victim groups. The Department of Justice and Northern Ireland Policing Board jointly fund Policing and Community Safety Partnerships (PCSPs) to engage and consult with the local community, and work with local partners to identify and prioritize local community safety and policing issues and develop initiatives and projects to address these.

The Scotland, there is the Hate Crime [Strategic Partnership Group \(SPG\)](#), which brings together criminal justice agencies and civil society organizations with hate crime expertise. The SPG helped ensure a multi-agency strategic approach was taken to the development of the Hate Crime Strategy for Scotland.

The UK's College of Policing has developed guidelines for police on responding to hate crime, and the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS) has issued relevant guidance for prosecutors and published [public policy statements](#) on particular hate crime strands.

Police and prosecution data, which cover the reporting period from April to March of the following year, are regularly published by the relevant criminal justice agencies of England and Wales, Northern Ireland and Scotland.

[Hate crime data collection in the United Kingdom](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in the United Kingdom](#)

Official Data

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2009	58,692	13,030	10,690

Police data by bias motivation

50,016

Racist and xenophobic hate crime

Official figures record 43,426 racist hate crimes in England and Wales. Police in Scotland recorded 6,590 racist crimes.

5,117

Anti-LGBTI hate crime

Official figures record 4,805 hate crimes motivated by sexual orientation and 312 crimes targeting transgender persons in England and Wales.

2,083

Hate crime against Christians and members of other religions

Official figures record 2,083 anti-religious hate crimes in England, Wales and Northern Ireland in England and Wales.

1,477

Disability hate crime

Official figures record 1,477 crimes motivated by bias against persons with disabilities were recorded by the police in England and Wales. In addition, the UK reported the murder of a man with learning disabilities.

703

Anti-Semitic hate crime

Official figures record 703 anti-Semitic crimes were recorded by the police in England and Wales.

Police data by type of crime

59,395

Unspecified

1

Homicide

National Developments

The Cross-Governmental **Hate Crime Strategy Board** introduced a hate crime diagnostic toolkit to enable local authorities to assess the quality of service offered to hate crime victims and develop multi-agency action plans to improve services where needed. Adding to the already existing resource packs for victims, an information kit focusing on disability hate crimes aims to raise awareness of victim's rights and build confidence in the criminal justice response to such crimes. This includes information geared towards persons with learning disabilities. The government launched a Cross-Government Action Plan in September 2009 to set out how to meet the challenges of hate crime, including homophobic and transphobic hate crime.

Incidents reported by civil society

No data reported to ODIHR.